

VOLUME LI.

JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN, MONDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1908.

NUMBER 283.

ALL EUROPE ON THE QUI VIVE

**Assassination Of Portugal's King Means Peace
Of Continent Is Threatened.**

THE PREMIER RESIGNED HIS OFFICE

New King Is Proclaimed And Troops Guard Every Approach To Royal Apartments—Details Of The Murder Of King And Crown Prince.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.] London, Feb. 3.—B dispatches from Lisbon announce that the new King of Portugal has been crowned. Under the title of Manuel II, Prince Manuel Marques Philippo Charles Amelio was proclaimed King of Portugal to succeed his father, the late King Carlos, who was assassinated in the streets of the city Saturday. King Manuel is the second son of the dead ruler of the little Kingdom, now the center of the eyes of the world, and comes to

King Manuel, the new King, was born in 1889. A brother of the late King Alfonso, Duke of Oporto, where it was announced a revolution has broken out and a republic been proclaimed.

Premier's Work

Premier Franco is responsible for the condition of affairs and has placed troops in every possible avenue that leads to the royal palace and on streets where a possible uprising might occur. The proclamation was made late yesterday afternoon in the new King's bed chamber, where he is confined with the wounds he received at the same time as his father and brother's deaths. It is feared to show him in public for fear of the excited condition of the people over the news of the late King's death and hence he is closely guarded in the palace.

A Political Crime

The murder of the late King and the Crown Prince was evidently one of the many plots that have been discovered against the existing condition of affairs in Portugal. They were returned from a summer palace to the city when the attack occurred and while guarded by troops were shot down, the King dying instantly and Crown Prince dying before medical aid could be reached.

Want Republic

For some months past a cry of republic has been heard incessantly from leaders of the people's party and while the death of the King had been talked it was not seriously considered as a possible outcome by the leaders of the republicans. These men are now said to be doing all in their power to prevent a revolution, whose actions had led to this condition of affairs, is bent in the same trend.

The Assassination

The King and his royal party were returning from the estate at Villa Vianna, accompanied by the queen, the crown prince, and the infant Manuel, the sovereign seemingly was

the throne by the death of his older brother, who was killed at the same time as his illustrious father. The little monarch, however, has issued the following proclamation:

New King's Proclamation

"An abominable crime has struck me in my heart as a son and brother."

"I know the nation shares my sorrow and indignation and detests this horrible act which is unprecedented in history."

"I am called upon by the constitution to preside over the destinies of the nation and, conformable therewith, I shall do my utmost to promote the good of the fatherland and merit the affection of the Portuguese people."

"I swear to maintain the Catholic religion and the integrity of the kingdom and to observe myself and enforce observance by all of the nation's political constitution."

"I also declare that it is my pleasure that the present ministers shall remain in office."

Carlos I., of Portugal, whose late throne is being securely threatened by the assassination and revolutionary disturbances in his country, was born September 28, 1853. He is the son of the late King Louis I. and his Queen Maria Pia, daughter of the late King Victor Emmanuel of Italy, who still survives. In 1866 Charles was married to Maria Amelie, daughter of the Count of Parma, and three years later

The late King Carlos who was shot Saturday by assassins on the streets of Lisbon.

In a happy mood when he stepped into the carriage in waiting at the railroad station,

Thousands of spectators, gayly dressed, in company with the bright deacons, set out to welcome the royal family, made an animated scene. All the surrounding streets were filled with light-hearted throngs waiting to greet the king, and though guards were stationed all along the route; no one had thought of the attempt which was to come.

Great Throngs Cheer King

The court, ministers and ladies in waiting, and many army officers were in the station when the train drawing the royal family pulled in. Among those in the throng without were large numbers of the working classes, who were sauntering through the streets chattering and laughing and ready to welcome the returning king as an incident offering contrast to the monotony of everyday existence.

Others, enthusiastic members of and sympathizers with various political factions, and friends of political leaders now under arrest, also had assembled there to see the king, who came back to Lisbon at the end of a day which was marked by the sternest of repressive measures.

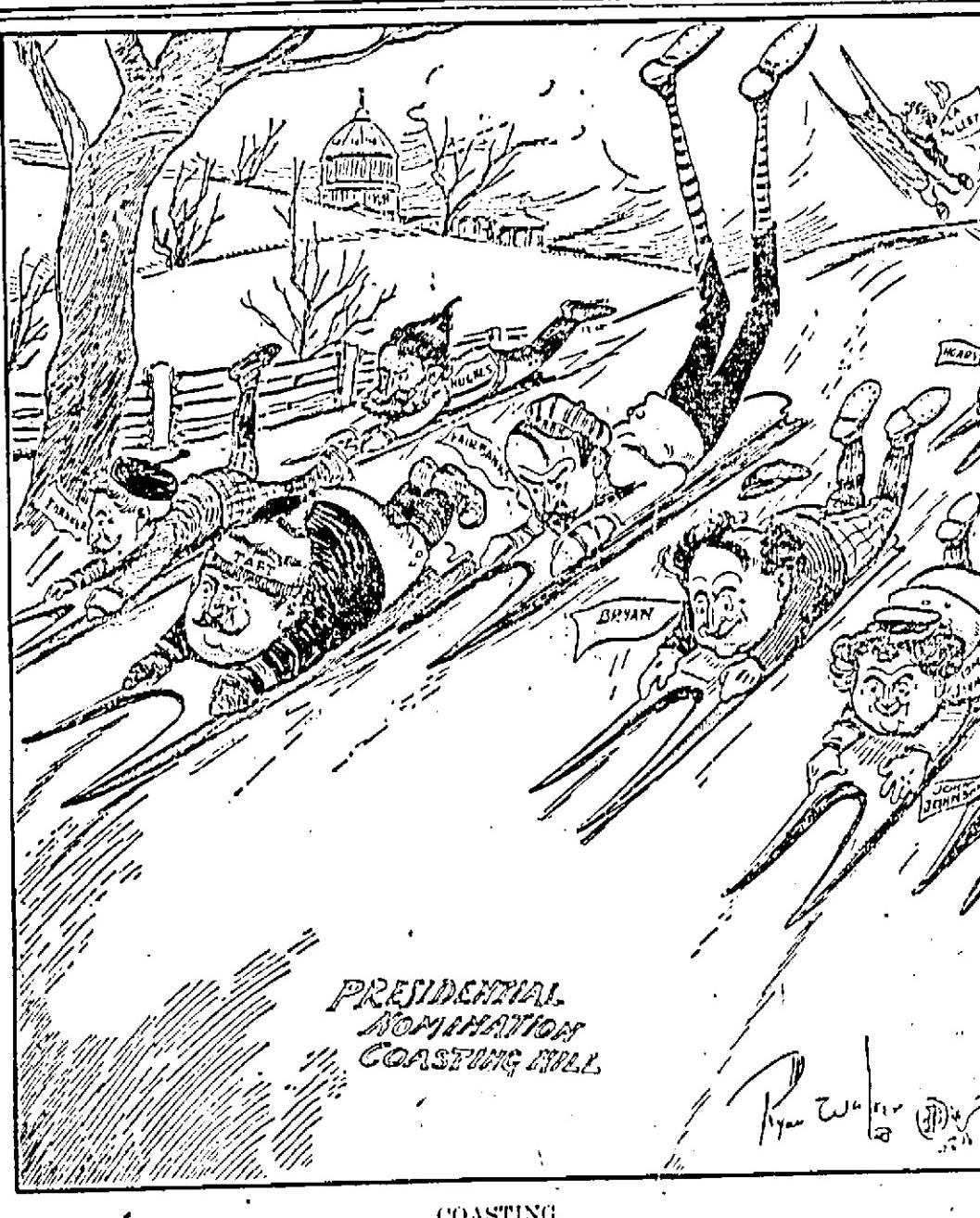
An open carriage was in waiting for the royal family, and when they took their places they were greeted with some lifting of hats, but mostly in silence.

Assassins Cling To Carriage

Then, as the carriage sharply turned into the Rue de Arsenal, there was a crackling of guns, and a shower of bullets tore their way into the bodies of the king and crown prince and the little prince, who proved an easy target.

The assassins, numbering six in all, hardly ran up to the side of the carriage and poured in a hall of lead before the stunned escort could intervene. The king and crown prince, half raising, fell back into the coach.

(Continued on Page 6.)



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(Continued on Page 6.)



Queen Amelie, who attempted to shield her husband and son from the bullets of the assassins and who is now the Dowager Queen.

She succeeded to the throne of Portugal. Two children were born to them, the eldest, the crown prince, Louis Philippe, Duke of Braganza, who was twenty years old. The reigning house of Portugal belongs to the House of Braganza, which dates from the end of the fourteenth century. Both King Charles and his Queen were personally popular with their subjects, but the national affairs have been so management as to bring the country to the verge of ruin. As a consequence the discontent of the people had reached a most acute

stage.

(Continued on Page 6.)

BRICKMAKERS WILL GATHER THIS WEEK

Representatives of the Trade Gather
in Several Conventions This
Week at Columbus.

(SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.)

Columbus, O., Feb. 3.—Columbus will be the center of interest for the pottery and brick manufacturing industries this week. The annual convention of the National Ceramic Association opened today and will be followed later in the week by the annual meetings of the National Association of Brick Manufacturers and the National Clay Machinery and Manufacturing association. Several hundred or more prominent representatives of the trade are expected to attend from various parts of the country.

CATHOLIC CHURCHES OBSERVE OLD CUSTOM

Memory of Saint Blasius Is Observed
Today All Over the United
States and Europe.

(SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.)

New York, Feb. 3.—In nearly every Catholic church of the city today there was celebrated a quaint custom, which has been handed down through many centuries, commemorating the martyrs in healing throat diseases, wrought by St. Blasius, bishop and martyr.

St. Blasius was bishop of Solinete, a city of Cappadocia, in Lesser Asia, and during his retirement in the hills not far from the city he attained such a degree of sanctity that he was enabled to cure ailments of the throat merely by the laying on of his hands. He suffered martyrdom in the year 316 in the reign of Diocletian, and at the instance of Agrius, the governor.

At the Council of Oxford in 1222, servile labor was prohibited on the saint's day, and until quite recently St. Blasius festival was celebrated in England by the building of great bonfires on the hilltops. Some contend, therefore, that the word "blase" comes from the name of the miracle-worker.

Bankruptcy Action: The petition of the Burdick, Murray & Co. in voluntary bankruptcy was heard by United States Referee in Bankruptcy Lewis N. Van Kirk last Saturday. C. N. Van Kirk was appointed trustee and will begin the work of closing out the stock at once.

(Continued on Page 6.)

CHOOSE NATIONAL DELEGATES SOON

Florida Will Elect Delegates-at-Large
This Week—Other States
Will Follow.

(SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.)

Washington, D. C., Feb. 3.—The first of the delegates-at-large to the republican convention will be selected on Thursday of this week, when the republicans of Florida will assemble in state convention at St. Augustine. From now until the middle of May the state conventions will follow one another in rapid succession. The states that have already chosen the time and place for their conventions are as follows:

Missouri, St. Louis, Feb. 27; Ohio, Columbus, March 3; Kansas, Topeka, March 4; Nebraska, Omaha, March 11; Oklahoma, Oklahoma City, March 11; Iowa, Des Moines, March 18; Indiana, Indianapolis, April 1; West Virginia, Parkersburg, April 29; Pennsylvania, Harrisburg, April 29; Maine, Portland, April 30; Connecticut, Hartford, May 12; California, Sacramento, May 14; South Dakota, Minot, May 14.

As the democratic national convention will not be held until a month following the republican gathering at Chicago, the state conventions for the most part will be held later than the republicans. Among the states in which the democrats have fixed the time and meeting place for their conventions are the following:

Wisconsin, Milwaukee, Feb. 13; Kansas, Hutchinson, Feb. 21; Oklahoma, Muskogee, Feb. 22; Nebraska, Omaha, March 5; Washington, Spokane, May 18; South Carolina, Columbia, May 20; Oregon, Portland, June 16.

Large Delegation Go to Washington
to Urge Bill Providing for
Tariff Commission.

(SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.)

Washington, D. C., Feb. 3.—A large delegation representing the National Grange, National Association of Manufacturers, various chambers of commerce and other organizations of business men has arrived in Washington to urge the passage of the Beveridge bill for the appointment of a nonpartisan tariff commission. A formal hearing in the matter will be held tomorrow.

Speakers will be sent into every state of the union to make formal addresses and stamp speeches on the cause of total prohibition. The campaign will be carried "into the enemy's country" in every locality.

A keen campaign is to be inaugurated in the south. Headquarters already have been established at Dallas, Texas, and preparations are being made by the local committee to force the battle in all southern territory. In Texas a fight is also to be made to submit to the voters in 1908 a constitutional amendment prohibiting the sale of liquor in the state. It is feared that a prohibition statute might be declared unconstitutional under the present constitution, so the fight will be made for an amendment to the document.

**IMPLEMENT DEALERS
IN ANNUAL SESSION**

Northwest Minnesota and North Da-kota Implement Dealers' Association to Meet.

(SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.)

Grand Forks, N. D., Feb. 3.—Arrangements have been completed for the annual convention of the North Dakota and Northwestern Minnesota Implement Dealers' association, which will begin a three days' session in this city tomorrow. The convention promises to be the best attended and the most important ever held by the association.

President Ward of the Fargo agricultural college will give an address on diversified farming. Professor Baldwin of the University of North Dakota will speak on the subject of noxious weeds, and Professor Brannon of the same institution, will speak on the chemistry of lubricating oils, gasoline, etc. Another prominent speaker will be W. L. Martin, vice president of the Soo railway, who will discuss transportation matters. The president of the association is John E. Paulson of Hillboro, N. D., and the secretary, George F. Carpenter of Crookston, Minn.

**EARTHQUAKE SHOWN
ON SEISMOGRAPH**

Weather Bureau Announces That
Quake Did Occur and Was Duly
Registered.

(SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.)

Washington, D. C., Feb. 3.—The weather bureau today issued the following: "An earthquake of slight intensity from a distant origin was recorded on the seismograph at the weather bureau on the afternoon of Feb. 1, beginning at 6:16, 11 p. m. 75th meridian time, modern time.

LEWIS ELECTED AS HEAD OF THE UNION

New Head of the United Mine Workers' Union Is from Bridgeport—Results Are Known.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

Bridgeport, Ind., Feb. 3.—Thomas L. Lewis of Bridgeport was declared elected president of the United Mine Workers of America at today's session of the convention; John P. White of Iowa, vice-president; W. D. Ryan of Illinois, secretary and treasurer.

**OSHKOSH DOCTOR
TO HAVE DAIRY FARM**

Go to Madison to Take Short Course
in Agriculture to Prepare
for Labor.

(SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.)

Oshkosh, Wis., Feb. 3.—Dr. C. W. Ovatt, who is a prominent surgeon here, left today for Madison where he will spend two weeks in taking the short course in dairy farming. He was accompanied by his wife, Dr. Ovatt intends to establish a dairy farm on his property at Butteville, Mo., where he has a large acreage which was formerly known as the Reed farm.

**WOULD DECIDE ON
IMPORTANT MATTER**

Relatives of Harry Thaw May Seek
to Have Him Discharged.

New York, Feb. 3.—Relatives and the counsel of Harry K. Thaw will hold a conference today at the Matewauay asylum to decide whether or not to begin at once proceedings looking towards Thaw's discharge from custody on the ground he is not insane.

**PASS MEASURE UNDER
THE SUSPENSION OF RULES**

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

Washington, D. C., Feb. 3.—Under a suspension of rules the House today passed with division the Shalloway bill granting the flat pension of twelve dollars per month to all widows of honorably discharged soldiers.

**IMPORTANT DECISION BY
THE SUPREME COURT TODAY**

(BY

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

Thos. S. Nolan, H. W. Adams,
C. W. Reeder.
NOLAN, ADAMS & REEDER
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
311-313 Jackman Bldg., Janesville, Wis.
306-308 Goodwin Building, Detroit, Mich.

E. D. McGOWAN,
A. M. FISHER,
ATTORNEYS & COUNSELORS
309-310 Jackman Bldg.,
Janesville, Wis. New phone, 183;

DR. FREDERICK C. LINDSTROM
OSTEOPATH
Suite 322-33 Hayes Block,
Rock Co. phone 128, Wisc. phone 2334
Janesville, Wis.
Licensed by Wisconsin Board of
Medical Examiners.

J. J. CUNNINGHAM,
LAWYER
No. 216 Hayes Block,
JANEVILLE, WISCONSIN

W. H. BLAIR
ARCHITECT.
Room 6, Phaebus Block, Janesville.

HILTON & SADLER
THE
ARCHITECTS

Have had years of experience.
Call and see them.
OFFICE ON THE BRIDGE,
Janesville, Wis. Rock Co. phone 828.

Dr. T. F. Kennedy
DENTIST
CROWN AND BRIDGE WORK A
SPECIALTY.
Tallman Block, over Badger Drug Co.

Edwin F. Carpenter,
Henry F. Carpenter,
CARPENTER & CARPENTER

LAWYERS
Carpenter Block, Janesville, Wis.

New phone 573.

B. F. Dunwiddie, Wm. G. Wheeler,
DUNWIDDIE & WHEELER

Attorneys and Counselors,
Janesville, Wis.
12-16 W. Milwaukee St.

Brown Bread

Receipt by - Mrs. Jerome Waterman, Janesville, Wis.; One and one-half cup of sweet milk, one-half cup of molasses, two cups of corn meal, one teaspoonful of soda. Steam three or four hours.

To get the best results from the above receipt he uses to use

BLUE CROSS
CORN MEAL

Blue Cross brands are built upon honor and are the product of many years' study. You will know its "quality" if it's Blue Cross. For sale by all grocers.

E. P. DOTY, Mfg.
Janesville, Wis.

NOTIONS.
We carry in stock a complete line of notions. Note the following:
Common Pins at 1¢ and 3¢ a paper, 500-yard Spool of Basting Thread at 5¢.

Darning Cotton, black or tan, 2 spools 5¢.

Burk's Hem Thread, best made, at 1¢ a spool.

2 dozen Hooks and Eyes with one dozen bright eyes extra, at 5¢ a card.

Crowley's Gold Eye Needles, all sizes, at 5¢ a paper.

Capital Safety Pins, at 3¢ and 5¢ a card.

Tubular Shoe Laces, at 2¢ or 3¢ pair for 5¢.

Extra quality horn Combs, nickel plated, metal back, and ends, at 10¢ each.

Something new in a soft-sounding Pocket Comb that closes, at 25¢ each. Bachelor Buttons, 10 in box, for 5¢ a box.

Black horn Buttons, vest size, 8¢ a dozen, coat size 10¢ and 12¢ a dozen, overcoat size at the dozen.

Best Cut Fasteners, nickel plated, at 10¢ a pair.

MRS. E. HALL

The Old Way

6-5-4
SELF-SHINING
STONE LUSTRE
CROSBY & CO.
DETROIT
25

Means hard work—so does the "old way" of polishing stoves and stove pipe.

Try the New Way! Use 6-5-4! It shines like glass, is applied like paint, will not rub, or wash, off and each application wears months.

If your dealer hasn't it, H. L. McNamea has.

GOVERNMENT HAS WRITTEN ARTICLE

TELLS ROCK COUNTY FARMERS ABOUT THE DIRT ROAD.

PART OF SERIES APPEARED

Several More Are to Follow at Different Dates in These Columns —Interesting Matter.

United States Dept. of Agriculture, Office of Public Roads, Washington, D. C.

The U. S. Office of Public Roads will supply the Gazette with practical articles on various features of road building and maintenance, which will be published from time to time. Our subscribers are urged to give this matter careful consideration, and are requested to forward to this office for transmission to the Office of Public Roads any practical question which they desire answered relating to road construction and maintenance. Questions and answers will be published by this paper at suitable intervals.

No. 1, Series A.

The Maintenance of Earth Roads.

We may recognize the value of hard and durable roads in all parts of the country, but still the fact remains that for a long time to come the majority of the roads will be composed of earth. Furthermore, in about nine months out of the year, the earth road, if properly cared for, is reasonably satisfactory. For many agricultural districts, it is the only road at present available. Hence, these communities should set themselves seriously to work to learn the best methods of maintaining earth roads and of getting the maximum service from them. Prosperity comes to the country to a great extent through the property of the farmers. This fact strongly suggests the importance of giving the earth road every possible care and attention in its location, drainage, construction and maintenance.

An earth road composed of water holding soil should be exposed to the sun and air as freely as possible, as comparison between the shaded and sunny portions of such a road will easily indicate. This should be accomplished by clearing a sufficient amount of trees and undergrowth away from the road. It must be remembered, however, that sandy and gravelly roads require moisture, and in these cases some shade should be retained. Furthermore, trees are beneficial along river banks and on steep grades subject to washing.

Draught is one of the most important points to consider in connection with an earth road. The majority of earth roads in all mountainous and hilly districts have too much drainage. Occasionally a road will be found with five ditches, three in the middle made by the horses' hoofs and by wheels of the vehicles, and two on the sides. All well-constructed earth roads are supposed to have no more than two ditches, one on each side of the traveled roadway. Keep the water out of the middle of the road by giving it a crown or elevation in the center of 7½ inches above the top of the inner slope of the ditch for a 20-foot road, and where the hills are a foot steep, make the crown 10 inches. With a crown of about 1 inch to the foot from the center to the sides, the ditches which are often built across the road on steep grades to deposit the water will not be needed. Instead of carrying water across the road in open ditches, the or concrete drains should, if possible, be provided. They should have sufficient capacity and fall to carry the maximum amount of water that is expected to flow through them at any one time. The capacity is increased in proportion to the fall or grade; for instance, 12-inch pipe laid on a one per cent grade will carry 1,800 gallons per minute, while the same pipe laid on a 2 per cent grade will carry 2,500 gallons per minute. Furthermore, a convex child will soon fill up, while one having a good incline will keep itself clear.

In the maintenance of an earth road avoid the mistake of changing the natural order of things. Naturally the soil is found on top and the clay on the bottom. If this order is reversed in constructing a road, the result will be less satisfactory than if the soil be left at the top of the road, for soil makes a better surface to a road than clay. If the road bed is largely clay to start with, it will be well to place sandy soil or clean sand on top. A covering of 6 to 10 inches of sand upon clay that persists in breaking up into deep mudholes will usually be satisfactory, and if sand enough is added, this clay will cease to make mud. If the roughed bed is composed of sand it can be improved by an application of clay.

Surely any improvement is noted in the market for old leaf as yet. Both manufacturers and jobbers are waiting lower prices, which jobbers are not yet willing to concede. An exporting firm has been in the state, and has been able to secure a few small lots but at figures that are not attractive.

The burning of the Marquette warehouse at Janesville, entitling the second largest fire loss on tobacco in this state, is causing the local trade some uneasiness, but it may lead to unexpected insurance conditions. The shipments out of storage do not exceed 100 cases from this market to all points for the week past.

Rheumatism

The news condensed.

Dr. Samuel R. Millard, the oldest physician in Chicago, died, aged 82 years.

Gov. Joseph K. Tamm of Montana resigned because of ill health and will quit office April 1.

Mrs. Annie Ackery of Brooklyn, N. Y., was sentenced to 14 years' imprisonment for arson.

Mrs. Eva Tamm, the one hundred and seventieth victim of the Boynton theater fire, died of burns.

Dennis O'Sullivan, the Irish actor and singer, died in a hospital at Columbus, O., after an operation for appendicitis.

Dr. Shoop's

Rheumatic Remedy

BADGER DRUG CO.

KICKERS' KOLUM

Financial Heresy.

The power has been claimed by and conceded to all national governments, to devise and regulate the medium of commercial exchange for its people. Hence it becomes the politic duty of our national government to create, regulate, and maintain a sufficient quantity of a safe and stable money as a medium of exchange, to enable its people to transact their commercial business at all times without penalties or infusions. So far all agree. Now how is this desirable end to be accomplished? Not simply by the coining of the metals. That五金 has been exploded, so far as the free and unlimited coinage of silver is concerned, and gold is also a failure. No government can control the production or hoarding of the precious metals. Hence no precious metals can be relied upon even as a basis upon which to found a currency.

We now here, in the United States, have a so-called gold basis, but gold bears about the same relation to our currency as some of the European rulers do to their government—a mere figurehead. The cry of a gold behind every dollar of currency issued by our government is misleading, a delusion and a farce. What makes our currency no good or better than any other money on earth is the fact that we have one of the best governments on earth backed and sustained by over eighty millions of intelligent, go-ahead and get-there people as can be shown by any nation on the globe. When our government puts its stamp on a piece of paper and says it shall be a legal tender for all dues public and private—which is equivalent to saying that all her subjects shall accept it from one another, and that the government will accept it in payment of all debts and dues. It then becomes no good a currency in any government ever did, or even can, produce. And there is all there is to it. All this bickering about issuing bonds, national bank, currency, gold, and silver certificates, or any other second hand money, as a substitute for a simple national currency, is all rot. And any legislation authorizing any such substitute for money, real and legal tender, is unconstitutional and criminal. The Constitution of the United States, Article I, Section 8, authorizes Congress "to coin money and regulate the value" and according to decision of the highest court in the United States, col. 10 in that sentence means to issue, create, therefore the sentence legally reads issue, coin or create money, a legal tender, and issue money is a legal tender. It is not money in the fullest sense of the term.

On account of the snow and hard wheeling engine 304 double-headed No. 510 from Baraboo to Janesville, engine 558 double-headed No. 28 between Fond du Lac and Anteville, engine 1027 double-headed 502 from Durand to Janesville, engine 217 double-headed 501 from Baraboo to Janesville, and engine 304 double-headed 505 from Janesville to Baraboo yesterday morning, engine 478 double-headed 581 from Janesville to Baraboo yesterday and engine 217 double-headed 505 from Baraboo to Baraboo yesterday morning and engine 217 double-headed 504 from Janesville to Baraboo Saturday morning. Engine 260 double-headed 501 between Janesville and Baraboo on Saturday.

North-Western Road.

Brakeman Cartwell is on the north end way-freight today. Brakeman Cronin is on the work extra with conductor Dulley today in place of brakeman Dee.

Conductor Sage is taking conductor Dulley's place as brakeman on the work train.

Conductor Sage went south last evening on an extra.

Conductor Dee and Vermilye are in Chicago today on business.

The bridge over Center avenue will be put in some time this week.

Engine 508 double-headed on No. 578 last night and goes to the North-Western division for service.

Engine 322 arriving here on No. 580 goes to the Ashland division for service, the engine, train crew and way car arriving here on No. 580 double-headed back to Baraboo.

Conductor Clark is relaying conductor Dulley's place as conductor on the work train.

Conductor Queeny is being relieved on No. 51 by conductor Lowry.

St. Paul Road.

Engineer Schlecker and fireman Kuehling were on 65 yesterday with engine 688.

Engineer Allen and fireman Mahoney went out extra this morning with 510.

Engineer Wilhelmy and fireman Willemer went out on 91 today with engine 600.

Engineer Gilbert and fireman Wagner were on 191 today with engine 600.

Engine 1607 arrived from the Chicago shops yesterday with a big snow plow attached.

Piles Cured In 8 to 14 Days

PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Blister, Bleeding or Pruritic Piles in 8 to 14 days or money refunded.

Manufacturers Are Waiting for Higher Prices Which Peckers Will Not Give.

The buying movement does not seem to gain much headway, according to the Edgerton Tobacco Reporter. Few firms have interested themselves in the deal so far, and even these do not seem anxious to increase their holdings. Not but what the prices are reasonable enough but other reasons stand in the way of a general movement at this time. The pressure of circumstances leads some growers to dispose of their crops at what they can get, and a good share of the trading is probably done by this class.

Surely any improvement is noted in the market for old leaf as yet. Both manufacturers and jobbers are waiting lower prices, which jobbers are not yet willing to concede. An exporting firm has been in the state, and has been able to secure a few small lots but at figures that are not attractive.

The rule for a serviceable earth road, then, is as follows:

make ditches, one on each side of the road and keep them open; haul sand and gravel upon sections needing this treatment; use a road machine and a split log drag bulldozer (a full description of which will be contained in a later article); follow the "stitch in time" rule and give an earth road the same careful persistent attention you would give your prize aero, factory or store, and it will pay as large a profit in proportion to your individual outlay.

The maintenance of earth roads has been ably explained in Bulletin 18 of the Wisconsin Geological and Natural History Survey.

HIS EXAMINATION

SET FOR SATURDAY

J. F. Sweeney and Frank Kimball

This Morning Signed \$800 Bond

For Youth Charged with Serious Offense.

In municipal court this morning the examination of William Joyce charged with attempted assault, was set for Saturday morning at 10 o'clock. The bail was fixed at \$800 and shortly before noon the bonds were signed by John F. Sweeney and Frank D. Kimball, and the prisoner released. The complaint against the young man was made by Clara Lemper, a sixteen-year-old girl employed at the Green tobacco warehouse and residing on North High street. It is alleged that while escorting her home from a dance and in an intoxicated condition, shortly before one o'clock Sunday morning, Joyce threw her down upon the walk at a point a few doors west of the St. Paul depot and not far from her rooming-place. Her screams attracted the attention of Albert Neff and F. S. Brown who were walking on Academy street. After reaching the scene they compelled Joyce to accompany them to the police station. Attorney Edward Ryan appeared for Joyce this morning and Atty. T. S. Nolan has been retained to conduct the defense. The youth has always heretofore borne a good reputation and denies the charge which has been preferred against him.

Who Likes Lemon Pie?

Everybody, but they are expensive and hard to make in the old way. You should try at once "OUR-PIE" Preparation for delicious Lemon pies. It is made from the choicest ingredients, absolutely pure. Sure to please you, as it has thousands of others. A lady says: "I will never again try to make Lemon pie in the old way while I can get "OUR-PIE" Preparation." Each package enough for two large pies.

10z.

Read the Want Ads.

J. M. BOSTWICK IS NOW SEVENTY-FOUR

Janesville's First Citizen Passed Another Milestone Today—Was Never in Better Health and Spirits.

J. M. Bostwick is seventy-four years old today and congratulations are in order. He is not only the most popular and intelligent citizen of Janesville but also the most active and youngest of them all, except in point of mere years. He is at his place of business at all times without pauses or infusions. So far all agree. Now how is this desirable end to be accomplished? Not simply by the coining of the metals. That五金 has been exploded, so far as the free and unlimited coinage of silver is concerned, and gold is also a failure. No government can control the production or hoarding of the precious metals.

The power has been claimed by and conceded to all national governments, to devise and regulate the medium of commercial exchange for its people. Hence it becomes the politic duty of our national government to create, regulate, and maintain a sufficient quantity of a safe and stable money as a medium of exchange, to enable its people to transact their commercial business at all times without penalties or infusions.

So far all agree. Now how is this desirable end to be accomplished? Not simply by the coining of the metals. That五金 has been exploded, so far as the free and unlimited coinage of silver is concerned, and gold is also

"Little too late, all too late," is a phrase of equal interest to those who catch trains and to those who answer want ads.

AT THE PLAY HOUSES

There has been a lot of talk of recent years that the chorus girl was doomed to go back to the kitchen instead of being in evidence, but instead of this the better class of these girls—girls who look good and can really sing, are in demand more than ever before and in fact a lot of them are demanding more money than some of the principals. There is a reason for this, because they have become and are an absolute essential adjunct to any musical attraction. Several years ago eighteen dollars a week was the limit for chorus girls' salaries, but today it is different; good ones are worth more and are getting

CLEVELAND HAS TWO LARGE FIRES

MECHANICAL DEPARTMENT OF PLAIN DEALER DESTROYED.

FREIGHT DEPOT BURNS

Conflagration in Rome, N. Y., Does Heavy Damage—Fatal Blaze in Kansas City Apartment House.

Cleveland, O., Feb. 3.—The four-story brick building containing the mechanical department of the Plain Dealer Publishing company was practically destroyed by fire Sunday. The adjoining structure, in which the business and editorial offices are located, was not seriously damaged.

The building destroyed contained

the composing room with 22 linotypes, job printing plant, store rooms,

bottles and dynamos and press rooms in the basement. It is thought that

two of the three big presses are not

badly damaged. The loss on building

and contents is estimated at \$200,000,

partially covered by insurance. The Plain Dealer will be issued from the Cleveland News office for the present.

Late Sunday evening the Pennsylvania Railroad company's freight depot

caught fire and was partly destroyed.

It is in the midst of other warehouses

and storage buildings and the blaze

was a dangerous one.

Later fire destroyed the steamer

Ray and the barges Planet and Kellie

at the lake front, entailing a loss of

\$10,000.

BIG FIRE IN ROME, N. Y.

Rome, N. Y., Feb. 3.—In the teeth

of the wildest blizzard that has swept

Otsego county this winter firemen of

three cities fought for five hours Sun-

day a fire that, before controlled, had

caused a total loss of a quarter of a

million dollars in the business section.

Three buildings occupied by commer-

cial houses were destroyed and a fourth

damaged, as was also the Arlington hotel.

For a time it was feared that the

conflagration could not be averted and

the local department, unable to stay

the flames that were borne along by a

strong gale, appealed to Utica and Syra-

cuse, each of which cities sent a steam-

er and company of men. There

was a heavy fall of snow at the time

and the mercury was but a few de-

grees above zero. The firemen au-

tored intensely and many sustained

severe frostbites. The burned build-

ings were situated on Dominick street.

FATAL FIRE IN KANSAS CITY.

Kansas City, Mo., Feb. 3.—Five per-

sons were injured, one fatally, in a fire

which destroyed Ludis Court, a three-

story apartment house on the West

side of this city, Sunday night.

The injured are: Mrs. Hilda Hollin-

quid, for her arm broken; internal in-

juries, probably will die; Mrs. Frank

Alley and her mother-in-law, seriously

burned; Mr. and Mrs. Mitchell, bruised

and slightly burned.

Mrs. Hollinghead jumped from the

third story when all other means of

escape had been cut off. Before jumping

she called to the crowd below to catch

a child she held in her arms. She dropped the child, which was

caught by a man and was uninjured.

More than a dozen families lived in

the apartment house and all the injured

lived on the upper floors. The loss

was \$5,000.

WEST VIRGINIA TOWN SCORCHED.

Buckhannon, W. Va., Feb. 3.—A fire

which started in the Morrison hotel

here early Sunday was only

under control after aid had been re-

ceived from Weston, W. Va. The post

office, four other buildings and one

residence were completely destroyed.

The loss is estimated at \$100,000.

COTTON COMPRESS BURNS.

Americus, Ga., Feb. 3.—The plant of

the Atlantic Compress company, with

between 2,000 and 2,500 bales of cot-

ton, was destroyed here Sunday night

by fire. Three hundred bales of cot-

ton were saved in damaged condition.

Six freight cars loaded with cotton

and merchandise were destroyed in

the Central of Georgia yards. The

total loss is estimated at \$150,000, cov-

ered by insurance. The compress

plant was owned by Harrell & Com-

pany and leased to the Atlanta com-

pany.

DR. LANDRICH STRICKEN.

General Secretary of Presbyterian

Brotherhood Has Appendicitis.

St. Louis, Feb. 3.—While en route

here from Nashville, Tenn., Rev. Ira

Landrich, D. D., general secretary of

the Presbyterian Brotherhood of Amer-

ica, was suddenly stricken with ap-

pendicitis and immediately upon ar-

ival Sunday was taken to the South-

ern hotel and attended by Dr. L. H.

Behrens. On advice of Dr. Behrens

Dr. Landrich was taken back to his

home in Nashville Sunday night. Dr.

Landrich is the retiring moderator of

the Cumberland Presbyterian church.

He had intended delivering three ad-

dresses in different churches here,

ACCIDENTS AMONG SEAMEN.

Deaths from accidents among sea-

men number 53 per 10,000, five times

higher than in "dangerous occu-

pations."

AUCTION BILLS.

With every order for auction bills

left at this office a full classified ad-

vertisement is given free one time.

The Printing Department of the Co-

ELECTRICITY The Light of Today.

Every day finds new homes illuminated with the "Ideal Light," as people are fast realizing the safety and other advantages to be gained from its use. At a minimum cost of about three and one-half cents per day you can have a home lighted with

ELECTRICITY

the most adaptable, the most convenient, the most economical possible.

Has your home been wired? If not, why not?

Have our representative call and explain our special wiring offer which is open until February 15th.

JANESEVILLE ELECTRIC CO.

Rock County, 291.

Wisconsin, 151.

IS SOLID FOR FAIRBANKS

INDIANA SELLECTS ITS CONVENTION DELEGATES TUESDAY.

Great throng of Hoosier Boomers preparing to attend the gathering in Chicago.

WABASH TRAIN WRECKED.

Detroit Accommodation Goes Into Ditch—Two Women Killed.

Adrian, Mich., Feb. 3.—The Detroit

accommodation on the Wabash rail-

road, due in here at 7:45 and running

to Chicago, was wrecked two and a half miles

east of here shortly before ten o'clock

Sunday night. Mrs. John Smith of

Millwood and Mrs. Frances Barbo of

Beloit, both were killed and about 24

persons injured.

The entire train of seven cars, in-

cluding two day coaches, parlor car,

dining car, sleeper, baggage and ex-

press coaches, was tipped over in the

ditch. Several passengers and some

of the crew were injured. The wreck

is supposed to have been caused by a

broken gauge due to lighting heavy

snowdrifts.

The state committee has completed

its organization for the campaign in

Indiana and the party organization has

been completed in every district,

county, township and ward. The

party in Indiana has no serious fe-

ctional differences this year, the con-

tents for places on the state ticket being

splitting but friendly. The delega-

tion to the Chicago convention will

be assisted in its efforts to nominate

Mr. Fairbanks by thousands of Indiana

Republicans will meet Tuesday in 13

district conventions to select 26 dele-

gates to the national Republican con-

vention. Four delegates-at-large will

be chosen by the state convention

April 1 and 2.

Every one of the 30 delegates will

go to Chicago heartily loyal to Vice

President Charles Warren Fairbanks

and will work enthusiastically for</

The Janesville Gazette

ENTERED AT THE POSTOFFICE AT JANESEVILLE, WISCONSIN, AS SECOND CLASS MAIL MATTER.

TERM OF SUBSCRIPTION,	
DAILY EDITION BY Carrier,	\$0.50
One Month.....	6.00
One Year.....	6.00
One Year, cash in advance.....	5.50
Mix Month, cash in advance.....	2.50
DAILY EDITION BY Mail,	
CASH IN ADVANCE.	
One Year.....	4.00
Six Months.....	3.00
One Year—Rural Delivery in Rock Co. 1.60	
Six Months—Rural Delivery in Rock Co. 1.00	
WEEKLY EDITION—One Year.....	1.50
Local Distance Telephone, No. 17.	
Editorial Office.....	77-2
Job Room.....	77-4

BUSINESS OFFICE OPEN SATURDAY EVENINGS.

MEMBER OF ASSOCIATED PRESS

WISCONSIN WEATHER FORECAST

Fair tonight and probably Tuesday, not much change in temperature.

GAZETTE JANUARY CIRCULATION

Sworn circulation statement of the Daily and Semi-Weekly Gazette for January, 1908.

DAILY,
Copies/Days. Copies/
Holiday 17..... 3827
2..... 3850 18..... 4005
3..... 3930 19..... Sunday 4131
4..... 3922 20..... 4006
6..... 3946 21..... 4140
7..... 3945 22..... 4046
8..... 3963 23..... 4055
9..... 3962 25..... 4081
10..... 3981 26..... Sunday 4078
11..... 3963 27..... 4085
12..... Sunday 28..... 4089
13..... 3988 29..... 4089
14..... 3969 30..... 4091
15..... 3964 31..... 4165
16..... 3970.....

Total for month 104,301
104,301 divided by 26, total number of issues, 4011. Daily average, SEMI-WEEKLY.
Copies/Days. Copies/
2295 18..... 2368
2267 22..... 2386
8..... 2288 23..... 2394
11..... 2289 20..... 2281
15..... 2302.....

Total for month 20,580
20,580 divided by 9, total number of issues, 2,280. Semi-Weekly average.

This is a correct report of the circulation of the Janesville Daily and Semi-Weekly Gazette for January, 1908, and represents the actual number of papers printed and circulated.

H. H. BLISS,
Business Mgr.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 1st day of February, 1908.

JENNIE L. KENDALL,

(Seal) Notary Public.

My commission expires Feb. 11, 1911.

LEGISLATIVE VIGILANCE NEEDED

"If anything is calculated to check the investment of capital and prolong still further the depression through which the country has been going for several months, it is in the presence of ultra-radical measures now pending in state legislatures," says today's Wall Street Journal. "Many of these measures, of course, have no chance whatever of being enacted into law. But the very fact that they are on the calendar and may be pushed through the legislature will, without sufficient criticism to expose their dangerous character, make it impossible to restore the confidence of the public in the safety of investment in these communities at least."

"The conservative judgment of the country owes a duty at this point which it should not be slow in discharging. There is no reason why the timid sentiment entertained in certain minds and thus expressed should be allowed to have the front of the stage, giving the impression to the public that their views have reasonable chances of being placed upon the statute books. For want of this assertion of conservative opinion, the sessions of some state legislatures are looked upon as warnings to people contemplating new enterprises."

"It thus comes to pass that the makers of laws when in session produce an arrest of business activity. Men fear that in some unjust way the business interests of the state will be threatened with regulations that may wholly interdict the question of profitable employment of capital and labor. Not only does the investing public owe it to itself to speak out on these matters, but the whole commercial and industrial thought of the different states, should be in some way focused upon the state capitals at such times, to expose the tooth-and-nail measures that can never do any good, but are sure to do a vast amount of harm. A legislative vigilance committee would be no mean idea."

CURRENCY AND THE CROPS

The connection between currency and the crops is so vital in existing plans of currency reform as to justify equally careful consideration of both ends of the problem. Usually, however, the brunt of discussion falls upon currency. The crops are mentioned, but rarely is an intelligent grasp of actual conditions shown as they affect the demand and supply of currency.

There are usually three stages of progress in the demand which each particularly crop of importance makes upon the credit and the monetary resources of the country. First of all there is the preparation for planting and sowing which involves the purchase of draught animals, farm implements, fertilizers and the employment of labor. This usually extends until the crop is in the ground, covering possibly a month or two, according as the season is a favorable or an unfavorable one for field work. This first stage of outlay seldom requires more funds than the local banks or the nearby centers are capable of furnishing for the purpose. Large financial centers, therefore, feel the demand for money, only indirectly, if at all, during this stage of the season.

The second stage involves the cultivation and growth, ending finally with harvesting. As harvesting season approaches, much heavier ship-

ments of funds are necessary, not only for additional labor in harvesting and threshing, but also for the advances required by the storage of grain pending the setting of the season's yield. Usually the first strain upon the large financial centers is manifested by the time the wheat harvests of mid-summer are underway in the middle portions of the United States. Money thus utilized remains on duty in the capacity of a crop-holding service until the time for release from first hands becomes general toward the beginning of the winter.

The third stage of service which currency renders in connection with the crops is the commercial stage. When grain begins to seek the primary markets the daily demands reach enormous proportions. The primary grain markets of the west, supplemented by the large monitory centers of the east, have never yet been able to avoid the burden of crop moving, in spite of the claim that the west or the south was gradually increasing its capacity to move their crops with their own money.

The fact is that these rapidly developing agricultural sections have found many other uses for their increasing volume of funds, so that when the autumn demand for crop moving purposes returns, it is necessary to resort to markets where surplus money can be borrowed at the lowered rate to render a short-term service. No amount of change in the industrial constitution of essentially rural districts is likely to suspend this connection between crops and currency, which has been a feature of the country's financing through practically all of its history as a nation.

In another column will be found an article on good roads, how to build them and how to keep them, from Government experts. The man that wrote this article was here when the Clinton road was built last summer and knows the conditions that exist here, so they are especially valuable. They will appear from time to time in the Gazette.

Sensationalism is one of the evils of the modern day journals which leads the readers to inflated ideas relative to the existing condition of affairs. The truth is sometimes bad enough, but when dished up with spice and lies it is often repulsive except to the morbid who enjoy such items.

They say that Sherle Becker actually means to enter the field as a candidate for Governor. His subject will be good roads and it will be learned with reason that he will talk to the farmers with such a skill that they will be convinced he is really their friend.

Taft has announced that he will not invade states where a favorite son abides, seeking delegates to the National republican convention. This is taken to read that Wheeldon will be immune from a petty blethering and quarrel for delegates to this convention of conventions.

Thos. S. Nolan's announcement of his candidacy for congress has met with general approval throughout the district. Mr. Nolan fought a losing fight two years ago in a manner that made him many friends.

There is much that can be said in commendation of President Roosevelt's speech and from the utterances of Secretary Taft he intends to follow Mr. Roosevelt's policies if he is elected president.

Harry Thaw is in an asylum for the criminal insane. Harry is now in a place where he should have been placed years ago if the testimony of the doctors, his loving mother and his wife could be believed.

Janesville has become the focus of public opinion for the present and will far to surpass New York and its Thaw trial.

Roosevelt's speech to congress does not please Wall Street to hear the howl that has gone up from the Wall Street Journal.

Philaider Knox of Pennsylvania is doing nothing but saw wood, but his wood-pile thus far is contained in the seventy-two votes that Pennsylvania has.

Beloit talks of an artificial tea factory. Good for Beloit. They need something to keep the men busy who have been thrown out of work.

Milwaukee is still working for its Zoo. Janesville had a chance for a nucleus for a Zoo last summer, but neglected to take it.

It is learned that the contractors for the Pennsylvania capitol could have charged more if they had wanted to, but they didn't.

This weather makes ice and soon the harvest will begin for next summer's frozen fluid for cool drinks.

The groundhog saw his shadow yesterday and the cormorant smiles a smile that will not come off.

Uncle Joe is still the candidate for Illinois to tie to.

Knew by Experience.

It was during an oral examination at a medical college. As the examination proceeded the student who was being questioned got warmer and warmer, and the sweat broke out over his forehead. "What would you do to throw a patient into a profuse perspiration?" At length asked the examiner, "If you had tried the ordinary drugs without effect?" "Send him here to be examined," replied the student without a moment's hesitation. "If that didn't do it there's nothing that would."

IN A MINOR KEY.

SURE SIGN.



NOTICE.

The partnership heretofore existing between G. W. Skelly and F. L. Wilbur under the firm name of Skelly & Wilbur has by mutual consent been dissolved on this date, February 1, 1908. G. W. Skelly will continue the business and all accounts can be paid at the store or to either of the old firm.

G. W. SKELLY,
F. L. WILBUR.

Card of Thanks.

The undersigned, relatives of the late Mrs. Maudie Hammill, desire to express their heartfelt thanks to the many kind friends who rendered assistance, and to the Royal Neighbors for the kindly aid and sympathy extended in the hour of affliction and sorrow.

HERMAN HAMMILL,
EMMA LEIMERHART,
MR. AND MRS. C. E. UHLING
AND FAMILY.

Atton, Wis., Feb. 1, 1908.

Knights of the Globe.

The order of the Knights of the Globe will hold their regular meeting Tuesday evening in Good Templars' hall at 7:30. There will be a recruiting officer from Freeport, Ill., and all members are asked to go present.

J. C. STATION, Reporter.

EDGERTON.

Edgerton, Feb. 3.—At the M. E. church Rev. F. Richardson chose for his morning topic "The Christian Strength." In the evening he spoke on "God's Plan for His Children."

Sunday morning Rev. L. A. Parr of the Congregational church spoke on "Our Father in Heaven," and in the evening on "The Christian Soldier."

Mrs. Paul Lee will entertain the Norwegian Ladies' Aid Society in the church on Thursday.

The Congregational Ladies' society will meet on Wednesday in the church parlor. The Ladies' Aid of the M. E. church will meet in the church on Wednesday.

The Schleswig Hungarian orchestra will give the last number of the lecture course in Royal hall on Wednesday evening, Feb. 5.

J. H. Bazel will give "moving picture shows" in Royal hall on Tuesday and Wednesday evening of this week.

Mr. Geo. Rea was called to Mt. Horeb by the illness of his mother.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Atwell were Milwaukee visitors last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Ethel La Fayre are passing the week in Fond du Lac.

Miss Harriet Brewster Sunday in Madison.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred McKinney and sons of Janesville spent Sunday with local friends.

Moses Rose and Alice Morrissey of Janesville spent Sunday at the home of W. H. Morrissey.

P. C. Brown Jr. is able to out again after an attack of the grippe.

Moses Averill Lund McFarlane spent Sunday at their home in White water.

Miss Elmer Wit of Chicago was a Edgerton visitor last week.

Mr. Roy Carter of Janesville spent Sunday in Edgerton.

HANOVER.

Hanover, Feb. 3.—A good sized crowd attended the Leap Year dance in the hall Thursday night and all reported a fine time.

Harry W. Dettmer has purchased another horse.

Quite a few attended C. Heyerdahl's sale Friday regardless of the weather.

Miss Clara Schmid of Janesville was a caller here Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Dehling of Watertown and Otto Uehling of Milwaukee spent Wednesday with Mr. and Mrs. F. O. Uehling.

Mrs. Sorenson and Alice Schultz attended the funeral of a relative in Janesville Tuesday.

Frank Ellinger of Janesville was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Brown Sunday.

Frank Ross is back from Chicago where he has been the past week.

Misses Mamie Blum and Helen Foster of Janesville and Henry Raymond and Ed. Fleckhorn of Beloit were at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. Schmid Sunday.

Miss Orpha Lee and Grace Fessenden attended the teachers' meeting in Janesville Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Eller of Janesville were callers here Tuesday.

Miss Eva Robinson returned from Janesville Saturday night.

It is rumored that D. Davis is going to move to Hanover.

BRODHEAD.

Brodhead, Feb. 3.—Mr. Ernest Matier is here from Duluth on account of the illness of his mother.

Conductor C. P. Mooney is on the sick list.

W. W. Chadwick and daughter, Mrs. Daisy Holunder and Messrs. Henry, Ed. and Willis Ladlow, of Monroe, were in Brodhead on Saturday to attend the funeral of Mrs. J. V. Richardson.

It was ten degrees below zero here Sunday morning. Coldest night we have had this winter.

Rev. J. Lloyd Smith spent Sunday in Oshkosh.

Mr. E. Dix is here from Green Bay where he has recently opened a real estate office.

Miss Faith Stair, teacher in White water Normal, spent Friday night with her mother here.

Misses Helen Buckwith, Nellie Staty, Phoebe Cortelyou, Prof. Harrison and Mr. Plumbe all attended teachers' meeting in Janesville on Saturday.

The local ice men are feeling good over the prospects of a fine ice harvest.

Miss Brooks who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Cobb, expects to leave in a day or two for Belmont where she will visit friends, while Mr. and Mrs. Cobb attend the meeting of the hardware merchants in Milwaukee.

Best of All Gifts.

The best gift in love or friendship fittingly expressed. The gift which expresses nothing is no gift. Of all gifts he is the happiest who bestows gifts which bring comfort and pleasure where it is needed and which can furnish him no other reward than the knowledge that his gifts are well bestowed.

FALL OUT" HE MEANT.



The Youth—Do you use anything for your hair?

The Ancient—No; I just let it grow out.

Rockford Won at Basketball: The Janesville Y. M. C. A. basketball team lost to Rockford by a score of 71 to 23 Saturday

Of Course They Said So.

"How did you happen to come to me for your Dentistry?" said Dr. Richards to a patient recently.

"Why, you see I'm a stranger here."

said the party, "and I inquired of several people as to what Dentist to go to and they all said 'to Dr. Richards' if I wanted 'Palmer's work.'

"Of course, I didn't want to be hurt and so I came up to you."

"Well, are you sorry you came?"

"Not a bit. You never hurt me in the least."

It's worth something to have such a reputation for Palmer's Dentistry. If you need dentistry and wish perfect satisfaction try Dr. Richards.

He "delivers the goods."

Offices over Hall & Sayles Jewelry store, West Milwaukee St.

JANESEVILLE BANKERS ARE NOT SATISFIED

General Opinion Is That the Aldrich Bill Will Not Meet the Requirements.

Janeville bankers as a whole are not generally impressed with the Aldrich bill and the results it is hoped it would accomplish.

John G. Rextord, President of the First National Bank, said: "I think the bill in the long run is a step forward. I hope conditions will never be the same as they have been recently, but if they are the Aldrich bill, if passed, might help settle matters in some degree. It would do no harm and may do some good."

W. O. Newhouse, cashier in the same bank, said: "I have not had time to carefully study the measure, but as panics are caused by lack of confidence and not always by lack of currency I would be in favor of some law providing for a more elastic currency which would allow banks to continue payment of money."

C. S. Jackman, President of the Rock County National Bank, said: "The Aldrich bill is very unsatisfactory to practically all bankers. I do not think it will do at all."

A. P. Burnham, in the same bank: "I do not think the Aldrich bill will accomplish what it is supposed to do. The plan of allowing banks to buy bonds and issue bank notes with them as security, is not feasible, as the bonds are too high priced that would be safe to use as such security. Personally I am not in favor of the bill."

George G. Sutherland, President of the Bower City Bank, said: "I have not studied the Aldrich bill sufficiently since it was amended to give a definite opinion as to whether or not I will do what it is expected to do. I myself am in favor of a central bank modeled after the Bank of Eng-

land."

A. E. Bingham, cashier of the same bank, said: "With the amendments proposed by the committee of the National Bankers' Association, I think the Aldrich bill would be a step in the right direction. I would not be in favor of the bill as originally proposed. The best thing would be an emergency currency which could be put into use without the majority of the people knowing that such a step was necessary. The amendments proposed by the bankers' association far as possible to accomplish this."

W. S. Jeffries, President of the Merchants & Mechanics' Bank, said: "I have not had time to study the Aldrich bill, but would say that I think we need a more elastic currency to obviate such a state of affairs as we have just gone through, than is provided by this measure."

M. G. Jeffries, Banker and lawyer:

"I have not read the Aldrich bill since it was amended. The amend-

ments I understand change it consider-

ably, but the interest rate in the

original bill was too high. Personally

I am in favor of a central bank of com-

mision."

CURRENT ITEMS.

DIRECTORS:
L. L. Carle, S. C. Cobb,
T. O. Howe, A. P. Lovejoy,
G. H. Rumill, V. P. Richardson,
John G. Rextord.

52 years' record of safe banking.

Careful attention given to commercial and private checking accounts, large or small.

3 per cent interest paid on savings deposits and on demand certificates of deposit.

C. W. WISCH

Up-to-Date

BARBER SHOP

Our Bath Rooms are always warm.

Hayes Block.

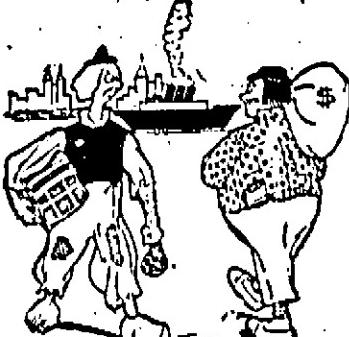
Turkish Delight

An Oriental confection much in vogue. A sugar coated, soft, creamy gum-drop in fruit flavor, seems to deserve it, but you can tell better if you will call.

PAPPAS' CANDY PALACE

"The House of Quality"

19 E. Milwaukee St.



The immigrant comes,
With rags on his back,
But soon returns home
With rocks in his sack.

Stronger restriction laws are advocated by many. The policy we advocate is to satisfy the greatest number of people without regard to their nationality. A cordial welcome is extended to you to try our pasteurized milk.

JANESEVILLE PURE MILK CO.

GRIDLEY & CRAFT.

22 No. Bluff St.

Buy it in Janeville.

LAST SERVICES WERE HELD THIS AFTERNOON

Funeral Services of Late A. H. Sheldon Held at His Home at Three Today.

In the presence of his sorrowing family and friends the mortal remains of the late A. H. Sheldon were laid at rest this afternoon in the Oak Hill vault. The services were held at the home at three o'clock, the Rev. R. C.

John G. Rextord, President of the First National Bank, said: "I think the bill in the long run is a step forward. I hope conditions will never be the same as they have been recently, but if they are the Aldrich bill, if passed, might help settle matters in some degree. It would do no harm and may do some good."

W. O. Newhouse, cashier in the same bank, said: "I have not had time to carefully study the measure, but as panics are caused by lack of confidence and not always by lack of currency I would be in favor of some law providing for a more elastic currency which would allow banks to continue payment of money."

C. S. Jackman, President of the Rock County National Bank, said: "The Aldrich bill is very unsatisfactory to practically all bankers. I do not think it will do at all."

A. P. Burnham, in the same bank: "I do not think the Aldrich bill will accomplish what it is supposed to do. The plan of allowing banks to buy bonds and issue bank notes with them as security, is not feasible, as the bonds are too high priced that would be safe to use as such security. Personally I am not in favor of the bill."

George G. Sutherland, President of the Bower City Bank, said: "I have not studied the Aldrich bill sufficiently since it was amended to give a definite opinion as to whether or not I will do what it is expected to do. I myself am in favor of a central bank modeled after the Bank of Eng-

land."

A. E. Bingham, cashier of the same bank, said: "With the amendments proposed by the committee of the National Bankers' Association, I think the Aldrich bill would be a step in the right direction. I would not be in favor of the bill as originally proposed. The best thing would be an emergency currency which could be put into use without the majority of the people knowing that such a step was necessary. The amendments proposed by the bankers' association far as possible to accomplish this."

W. S. Jeffries, President of the Merchants & Mechanics' Bank, said: "I have not had time to study the Aldrich bill, but would say that I think we need a more elastic currency to obviate such a state of affairs as we have just gone through, than is provided by this measure."

M. G. Jeffries, Banker and lawyer:

"I have not read the Aldrich bill since it was amended. The amend-

ments I understand change it consider-

ably, but the interest rate in the

original bill was too high. Personally

I am in favor of a central bank of com-

mision."

PERSONAL MENTION.

Miss Muriel Mills has taken a position in Harvard. Her many friends wish her success.

Clara A. Sanderson arrived Saturday evening from Bismarck, N. Dakota, and expects to remain here during February.

Geo. W. Loomis of Benton Harbor, Mich., is visiting his sister, Mary W. Wright, 155 Pleasant street.

Ray Brown of Monroe was in the city yesterday.

W. E. Barnes, Jr. and J. W. Gray of Rockford were Janeville visitors yesterday.

M. L. Carrier of Edgerton was in the city Saturday evening.

J. M. Merrill of Genoa Junction was a Janeville visitor yesterday.

Thomas and William Gregory, M. Hassett, Z. C. Wilson, and C. M. Miller of Palmyra were in the city today.

Attys. Edward Ryan and Charles Pierce left this morning for Madison.

E. W. Hill of Minneapolis is in the city on business.

Al. Hayward was here from Milwaukee yesterday.

Mrs. Floyd Murdoch and daughter, Mrs. Edna Murdoch, are visiting in Chicago.

Horace Buggs has returned from a visit in Milwaukee.

Mrs. Fannie Bellay has arrived from Fargo, N. D., called here by the death of her father, the late A. H. Sheldon.

Miss Isabel Smith returned last evening from Chicago where she has been visiting Miss Grace Gaumer for the past week.

Atty. William H. Dougherty went to Madison this morning on business.

Mrs. Leola Rohr of Oshkosh who has been visiting at her brother's, Mr. William Rohr on South Franklin street has returned home.

LOCAL PARAGRAPHS.

Annual military ball tomorrow evening at Assembly hall.

The great cash sale at McNamara's is successful. All goods at reductions. Set of six table knives and forks, warranted triple plated, \$1.65. A number of galvanized boilers at 6c. Mouse traps, small sizes, 2 for 6c.

Use Taylor's Solvay cake.

The Social Club auxiliary of the Congregational church will meet on Thursday afternoon.

Card party, dance and supper at West Side 1, O. P. Hall Feb. 5th, given by St. Patrick's Court No. 318. Music by Carter's orchestra.

Knoff & Hatch will furnish the music for the military ball tomorrow evening.

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The regular meeting of the Y. M. C. A. Auxiliary will be held Tuesday, February 4th, at 3 p. m. See

TWO PER CENT TAX ON FIRE INSURANCE

Yielded \$1,739.25 Revenue to City Treasury for the Season of 1907.

This year the two per cent tax on insurance premiums has netted the city \$1,739.25, which is an increase of \$118.60 over last year's total. Though the city attorney has not yet passed upon the matter, it is believed that the entire amount will go to the fire and police combination, as the levy is for 1907 and the new law providing for the pension fund did not go into effect until 1908. Assessments collected thus far are as follows:

Fire Premiums .2% Tax.

Cartier & Morris... \$28,622.50 \$7,175.75

Boyer & Morris... 12,634.77 2,608.55

L. L. Burns..... 1,219.50 243.00

J. L. Burns..... 1,979.50 395.50

Miller's Nat'l.... 414.00 82.80

C. S. Cleland... 8,607.42 173.33

T. Herfurth & Son... 345.17 6.90

Simon Straus... 1,821.04 36.41

F. H. Snyder... 5,621.04 110.39

F. L. Clemons... 7,121.24 142.41

S. D. Gruber... 67.00 1.44

James W. Scott... 2,324.20 46.48

Cunningham & ...

Brownell... 8,072.35 161.64

Geo. A. Jacobs... 4,343.65 86.86

H. H. Blanchard... 2,350.01 47.00

H. A. Mooser... 1,678.80 31.73

\$1,739.25

Read the want ads.

BUSINESS BEFORE COUNCIL TONIGHT

Election Clerks Will Be Appointed and City Attorney's Opinion on Salary Question Is Expected.

Alderman W. H. Morritt, who is ill, and Alderman Sheldon are not expected to be present at the regular meeting of the common council this evening. An opinion from City Attorney H. L. Maxfield on the application of the supreme court findings to the question of the old hold-over Alderman's right to salaries; the possible presentation of Ald. Clark's treasuring ordinance for third reading and passage; the appointment by Mayor Heidels of the inspectors and clerks of election; a possible consideration of the roller question which was not to be taken up until the county board had reached a decision; and the regular monthly reports, may be some of the matters presented for action.

Read the want ads.

OLD OFFICERS ARE ALL RE-ELECTED

By the Mozart Singing Society at Meeting Held Yesterday—Are Re-

hearing for Saengerfest.

At a meeting of the Mozart Singing Society held in their room yesterday afternoon all the old officers were re-elected. Those elected were A. J. Vinsma, president; Charles Wissch, vice-president; Carl Maus, secretary; Peter Webber, treasurer, and Philip Reins, financial secretary. Professor Thiele was chosen director again.

The society is now rehearsing for the state saengerfest to be held at Fond du Lac the eleventh and twelfth of July. The society is also making arrangements to give a dance in Central Hall on the eighteenth of this month.

INSURANCE OF BANK DEPOSITS BY THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

will be brought before Congress at this session. Whatever the Government does this bank insures them:

By the Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits of \$180,000, nearly 15 of the total deposits.

By the further legal responsibility of the stockholders which is \$100,000.

By the moral responsibility of the directors and heavy stockholders which is greater.

By the rigid supervision of the United States government and the National bank examiners.

By the

SPOR TING NEWS

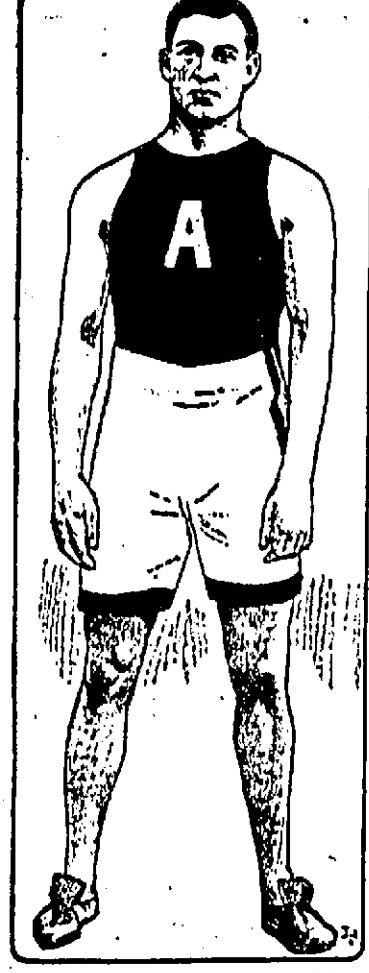
SPORTING REVIEW

Work of Kilpatrick, Yale's Strong Man, Attracting Attention.

HAGGIN ABANDONS TROTTERS.

Noted Breeder to Devote His Time Hereafter to Runners—Other Interesting Notes on Skating, Hockey, Basket Ball and Bowling.

Following in the footsteps of his father, who was champion all around athlete of America a number of years ago, John Reed Kilpatrick, who recently won the Yale freshman strength test, bids fair to fill his "pop's" shoes before many years as a champion "Kil," as the young strong man at



JOHN R. KILPATRICK.

Yale is called, is nineteen years of age, five feet eleven inches tall and weighs 175 pounds and hails from New York city.

His name attracted the attention of all the colleges. At the Princeton interscholastic meet he won the high and low hurdles, second in the running broad jump and third in the shot put. At the Andover interscholastic meet he scored 23 points. At the Yale interscholastic meet he won first places in the high and low hurdles and running broad jump and third in the shot put. Of Andover's 50-25 points scored at the Harvard interscholastic meet he captured the high and low hurdles, running broad jump, throwing twelve pound hammer and the fourth in the shot put, making total of 21 points.

The total number of points scored in the strength test at Yale by him was 1,840, which compares favorably with that made by Ted Cox in 1906.

It has been announced by Chairman John J. Dixon of the national registration committee and secretary of the A. A. U. that the latter body will no longer have any control over ice or roller skating. Hereafter these sports will be under the supervision of the International Skating Union, and all skaters must be registered with that body, except in the case of basket ball on roller skates, which will still be in charge of the A. A. U.

J. B. Haggin has decided to abandon the breeding of trotters and has consigned the stallion Knight, with all mares and youngsters, to a Kentucky sales company auction, Feb. 10 to 13. After that date only running horses will be bred at Glendale farm.

Almost a record basket ball score was rolled up at Bayonne, N. J., recently when the West Side Hall five of that city defeated the South Orange High school by a tally of 104 to 8. The game was much too one-sided to be interesting.

At the annual meeting recently of the stockholders of the Detroit American League baseball club Frank J. Nayin, for three years secretary of the club, was elected president, to succeed William H. Yawkey. Yawkey in retiring from the presidency of the club still retains his financial interest in the property.

Detroit is after the national bowling tournament next year. The alley sharks of that city have mapped out a line of action and will go to Cincinnati loaded with reasons why they should be given the opportunity of entertaining the bowlers of the world. They are preparing to raise \$10,000 with which to entertain the big crowd which always attends the national meets.

The interest in hockey has increased to such a degree within the past few years in Philadelphia that there has been organized, the Interclub Hockey League, composed of women, from the Germantown Cricket, Belmont, Merion, Lansdowne, Moorestown, Franklin, Haddonfield and the Philadelphia Cricket clubs.

THE ROUNDUP COLUMN.

Woot Delivers a Few Uppercuts That Strike Home.

"This is the time of year when ball players resort to all sorts of bluffs to secure an increase in injury. Some of them declare they have outside business interests which they cannot leave, while others say they have suddenly come into great wealth by the death of a rich relative. A few announce that they have purchased an interest in a minor league club and will become magnates and it is often the case that a player states that he is going to enter a profession as a result of hard study. But when the spring rolls around and the jingle of the gold in the magnates' pockets is heard throughout the land these same players lose their titles in climbing into the band wagon, for all of them are fond of easy money. A player who regards baseball as hard work cannot be taken too seriously. Some of them would sooner play than eat."

THE TENPIN FIEND.

Eye inferior most completely. To roll a score that is a score... The boys at first encouraged me, but they don't do it any more. When I'd lament a damaged thumb And limp around with muscles sore, They'd say: "Cheer up! The day will come!" When you will roll a perfect score!"

I bought a lignum vitae that For beauty nothing can surpass. I was a bowler diplomat, And with the best I soon was classed; On some occasions I would bowl Much better than the night before; But, though in form, to save my soul I couldn't roll a perfect score!"

TIMELY ADVICE TO HOWLERS.

"OH! TWO ELEVEN AINT SO BAD EH?"
Don't get all swelled up over a big score.
BAH! I'M GOING TO QUIT THIS GAME!
Because you may get ill next time.
AW! IT WAS DAY OFF THE SPOT.
If you don't make a strike every time, rear about the poor set up. It goes like.
EE-YAH! GOT ONE PIN DOWN ANYWAY?
Slide about five feet over the foul line. It's great for the alley and it pleases the owner.

When to the alley I would fare And drinks were ordered, I would pike, Looked with scorn upon a "spare" And swore each ball would make a "strike."

A preferred charotte I'd pass, All conversation I'd ignore, I was ambitious; but, alas, I couldn't roll a perfect score.

In every game I started slow, And had in mind that would win, I'd run a straight line, a fine line, And follow a lonely pin. Perhaps I may improve with age, But it will be some time before My pictures on the sporting page As one who rolled a perfect score.

English sport critics now, refer to Gunner Moltz the Scotchman. Before he fought Tommy Burns he was the big Britisher.

Charley Murphy, owner of the Chicago National League club, announces that he is ever willing to help out his less fortunate rivals with advice.

Jim Jeffries' father says Jim won't fight, his mother says so, Jim says likewise, Mrs. J. J. J. says ditto. That ought to be enough.

Looks like another cruel slap at the A. A. U. when a gent like Hinchliffe, the Jap wrestling person, throws his standing to the winds and struggles with other strenuous arts for a piece of change.

Abe Attell's father need to threaten him with arrest for entering the ring, but when Abe began to bring home the bacon he threatened to have him arrested if he did not box.

Battling Nelson forgets he is no longer champion and should chop that 60 per cent who lose or draw just that he is palling.

WILLIE WEST.

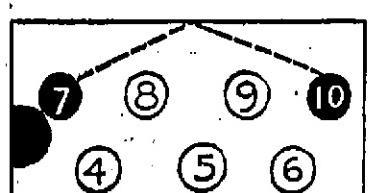
BOWLING IS POPULAR

Great Interest in the Game Throughout the Country.

POINTS BY AN EXPERT.

Some Difficult Breaks and How to Make Them—The 7-10 "Split" Seldom Made—Solving Other Shots That Look Difficult.

Bowling has proved more popular than ever so far during the season of 1907-8, and the interest taken in it throughout the country this year is most pleasing to those who consider it one of the best indoor games. Like billiards, the possibilities of bowling are unlimited, and one never knows what peculiar formations a game will bring out. Ills which go into the



MOST DIFFICULT SHOT ON TENPIN ALLEY, "crotch"—that is, midway between the one and two pins or the one and three—will sweep off certain other pins and leave standing formations which make the bowler wonder how they possibly could occur. They do happen, though, and picking up the difficult ones is what marks the finished bowler from the man who prizes loose a good score by accident. Strikes are not so hard to get and often are accidents, but the man who can go through a series of games getting spares with regularity is a more finished bowler than the man who shoves them all down with the first ball and misses one or two pins.

The "break," or "split," is the bane of the man who would pile up big scores. Just why and how they happen is mystery, but they do occur, and it is one of the fates of the game that they usually come in the middle of a long string of strikes and just where they will do the most harm. The break is a most discouraging calamity, as it throws the bowler off his stride and causes many a good man to lose his nerve.

Explanations of the breaks and how to make them are as follows:

First—5-7-9 split—Ball strikes 5 pin lightly on right side; 5 pin curves and gets 7; ball carries 9 pin.

Second—7-10 split—Should be rolled with smallest ball handy. Hit 7 pin three-quarters on left hand side; 7 must rebound from back cushion to get 10. Most difficult shot on temple alley.

Third—4-7-9-10 split—Ball strikes 4 pin very lightly on left hand side; 4 pin curves and gets 9 and 10 pins; ball carries 7 pin.

Fourth—3-5-9-10 split—Pins close together, but very difficult. Ball hit 3 pin just full enough so that 3 pin will hit 5 pin on the inside to catch 9; ball gets 10 pin.

Fifth—Strike split—1,000 to 1 shot, but possible. Ball barely touches 8 pin on right side, sliding it nervous to 10.

Sixth—2-4-5-8-10 split—Ball hits 2 pin full and hits 5 pin thin on left side; 5 pin curves and gets 10 pin; ball takes 4 and 8 pins.

Seventh—3-6-8-10 split—Ball hits 3 pin one-third full on left hand side; 3 pin curves and gets 6 and 10; ball gets 8 pin.

Eighth—2-4-7-8-10 split—Ball hits 2 pin on extreme left hand side; 2 pin curves and gets 6, 8 and 10 pins; ball carries 4 and 7 pins.

Ninth—4-6-8-10 split—Use smallest ball, handy; hit 6 pin three-quarters full; get a rebound of 8 pin from cushion on 8, which will carry 4. Ball carries 10 pin.

Tenth—2-5-10 split—Ball hits 2 one-fifth full on right side; 2 pin curves and gets 5 and 10 pins.

The "railroad split," 4-7-8-10, occurs often when a straight ball down the

INTEREST IN HOCKEY.

Great Canadian Game Has Firm Hold on American Skaters.

Hockey has taken a great hold on the athletically inclined who love outdoor sports. Last winter more players and clubs were represented on the ice than there have been in any other year since its introduction in America. Hockey is one of the most fascinating, exciting and scientific games ever played. It is a game for men; especially it is a game for the youth. It is a rugged game for strong, full-blooded men. Weaklings cannot survive in it, the puny cannot play it, and the timid have no place in it. It is perhaps the greatest game that can be played unaided. Hockey possesses all the spice of polo without the necessity of calling upon the animal kingdom.

The growth of hockey has been quick. It is a game of the present generation and may be truly called a twentieth century pastime. Of mushroom growth, its development has been truly wonderful, and because it is thoroughly American in spirit it is well suited to the people who inhabit the northern part of this continent and one well entitled to grow in popularity year by year.

Hockey is a game that requires skill and courage, speed and strength, and the man who has all of these qualifications and a cool head is the man who makes a great player. To be a good hockey player a man must necessarily be an accomplished skater—even better, a master of his skates. Then he must be skilled in the use of his stick, adroit in avoiding collision, quick in judgment and possessed of an iron nerve that will not fail when in the face of impending danger.

This old fashioned shinney was undoubtedly the forerunner of our scientific hockey, though some authorities claim that it was handed down to us from the Romans. The present game as played in England, however, has little reference to hockey as played in the United States.

As time wore on and the public gradually began to see the possibilities of



SURROZZI, NOTED EASTERN PLAYER.

the sport, there came a gradual development of this warlike pastime, and these important changes and regulations gave birth to the scientific characteristics which have made hockey a fascinating game.

Surprisingly a half dozen years ago the game was almost unknown in the United States and was practically a Canadian sport.

Now in its development it belongs to America, and it will be but a short time before the younger generation of boys in the northern states will have developed the needed talent to meet the Canadians on equal grounds. At this time the Canadians are in the lead when it comes to playing the game. In fact, the whaling teams of the United States have many ex-Canadians taking a prominent part in the personnel of the teams. But because the younger generation of the schools and colleges are taking a keen interest in the game this state of affairs will not continue for long, and soon indeed it will be that the growing American boy will be able to go after his Canadian rival with equal skill.

James Shiroff, one of the crack hockey players of the Crescent Athletic club of New York, is now attracting attention by his clever playing. Shiroff has a knack of carrying the puck down the ice now and then, with the little rubber disk against the side of his stick, and making one grand rush or hurdle for the net à la football. He is usually successful.

He Will Have Special Meals.

Threw brought a large sum of money with him to the hospital, but finding he would not be allowed his custody handed it to a newspaper man, who turned it over to his counsel. During the week provision will be made by the family for special meals and table delicacies for Threw, the money being placed in the hands of the authorities.

At five o'clock Sunday afternoon Dr. Britton D. Evans of Morris Plains, N. J., and Dr. Smith Ely Jelliffe of New York, alients, arrived at the hospital.

They were employed by the defense in both trials of Harry K. Threw, and while both evaded questions regarding their presence here, it is said they came up to liberate him.

"We just had a Sunday off," said Dr. Evans, who declared at the first trial that Threw had a "brainstorm," so we came up to see Harry."

Buy It in Janesville.



Canada—“Come and skate with me, Uncle.”

Uncle Sam—“Congress won’t let me.”

THAW BEGINS ON ASYLUM ROUTINE

IS SPEEDILY SETTLED IN THE MATTEAWAN INSTITUTION.

SLEEPS AND EATS WELL

Tells Attendant He Expects to Be Out in a Week—He Will Have Special Meals.

Matteawan, N. Y., Feb. 3.—Harry K. Threw, who was acquitted Saturday of the murder of Stanford White on the ground of insanity, began Sunday the routine of a simple life which the authorities at the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane say will make his long stay in the Tombs prison in New York city seem like the height of gayety in comparison.

The new patient in the observation ward slept soundly Saturday night, the presence of the 50 other men in the dormitory not giving him the slightest concern. It was after the usual retiring hour when Threw reached the hospital and he immediately went to bed. He had enjoyed the trip from New York with his counsel, as well as the dinner at the hotel in Fishkill Landing. Sunday he ate a hearty breakfast at the "knife and fork table." Only 54 men out of the more than 700 in the institution are allowed this privilege, the others being restricted to soups.

At 3 p.m. Threw attended divine service in the hospital auditorium or theater, conducted by Rev. Harry Sheldon, pastor of the Fishkill Landing Methodist Episcopal church.

Expects to Be Out in a Week. During the day Threw declared to one of the attendants that he probably would not be in the hospital more than one week. His legal team would sue out a writ of habeas corpus in his behalf and he was sure he would be allowed his liberty as the result of a hearing in court or an inquiry before a commission.

Threw's picture and measurements for the hospital records will be taken during the early part of the week. He already has given his age to the authorities as 37 years. During his stay in the observation ward, prior to being assigned to some particular division or to private quarters, he will be under the immediate supervision of Dr. Amos T. Baker, one of the medical assistants to Superintendent Lamb. Dr. Baker said he would not allow Threw to have liquor and tobacco unless his condition seemed to demand them for a time in medical moderation.

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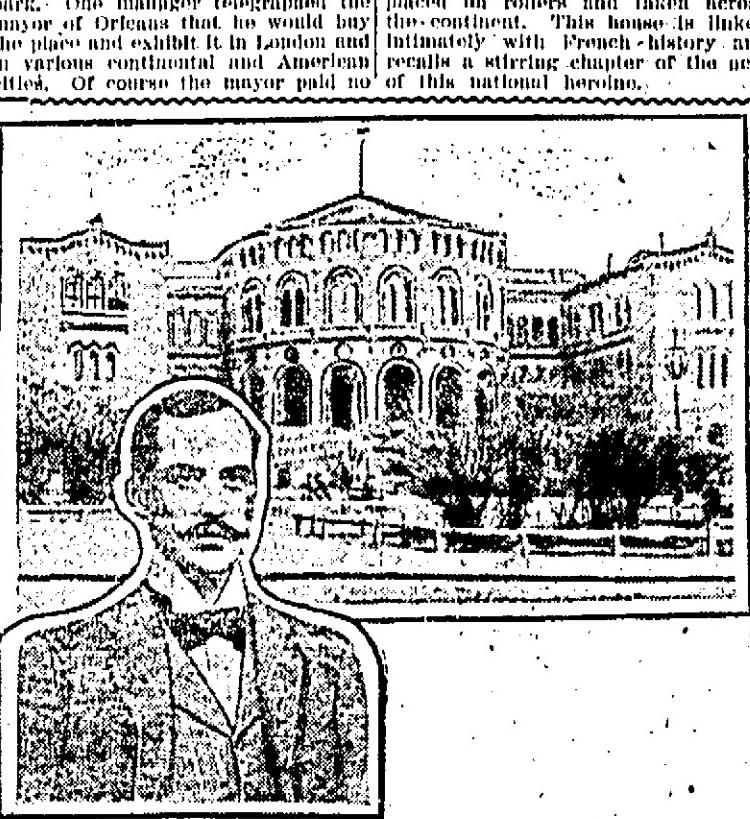
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Buy It in Janesville.

THE NORWEGIAN PARLIAMENT

The formal opening of the Norwegian parliament was the occasion of a speech by King Haakon from the throne. His majesty referred with satisfaction to the conclusion of the Norwegian treaty and to the part played at the Hague last summer. The king announced the introduction of various bills, including one for railroad construction to extend over a period of 12 years. Another bill covering the conditions under which concessions shall be given for the acquisition and exploitation of forests, waterfalls and mines will be introduced.



BUILDINGS AND KING HAAKON. The formal opening of the Norwegian parliament was the occasion of a speech by King Haakon from the throne. His majesty referred with satisfaction to the conclusion of the Norwegian treaty and to the part played at the Hague last summer. The king announced the introduction of various bills, including one for railroad construction to extend over a period of 12 years. Another bill covering the conditions under which concessions shall be given for the acquisition and exploitation of forests, waterfalls and mines will be introduced.

GREAT CHANCE TO BUY UNDERWEAR

COST AND LESS FOR ALL LINES

On account of needing the space for other lines we will close out the stocks of Ladies' and Children's Underwear at quick sale prices. Sale begins Wednesday morning, February 5th, and will offer the greatest bargains ever offered in good underwear. Some of the makes in stock are "Merode," "Luzerne," "Sterling," and other well known brands in Vests, Pants, Union Suits and Corset Covers.

15c for Ladies' fleece lined Vests or Pants, ecru or natural—These are good weighty garments and there is a full range of sizes.

30c for Ladies' bleached fleeced lined Vests and Pants. This is the standard 50c grade and of splendid weight.

33c for Ladies' fleeced lined Union Suits, ecru or natural color, and a full range of sizes. These garments will surprise you at such a price.

67c for natural wool Vests and Pants; for wool jersey ribbed Vests and Pants in Pink, Sky Blue, White; for fine Union Suits in Ecru, Natural and Black. The garments in this line have been regularly sold at \$1.00 and \$1.25, so in some lines it will mean nearly half price.

Children's Underwear There is a complete stock to start this sale of heavy ribbed cotton; of heavy fleeced lined, and of natural wool underwear,—and as every size costs different, will only say that prices will in every case be a little below the actual net cost. Good chance to get supplies for the children.

In the higher cost lines for women, in wool, and silk and wool, both Vests and Pants and Union Suits, the prices will be down to the basis of actual cost, which will mean that you can buy the best underwear made, in some cases at half usual prices. Whatever your needs in underwear are, you can supply them during this sale at a great saving. Sale begins Wednesday, February 5th.

HALF PRICE
That's the Way Winter Cloaks are Selling

Simpson
DRY GOODS

HALF PRICE
That's the Way Winter Cloaks are Selling

ALL EUROPE ON THE QUI VIVE

(Continued from page one.)

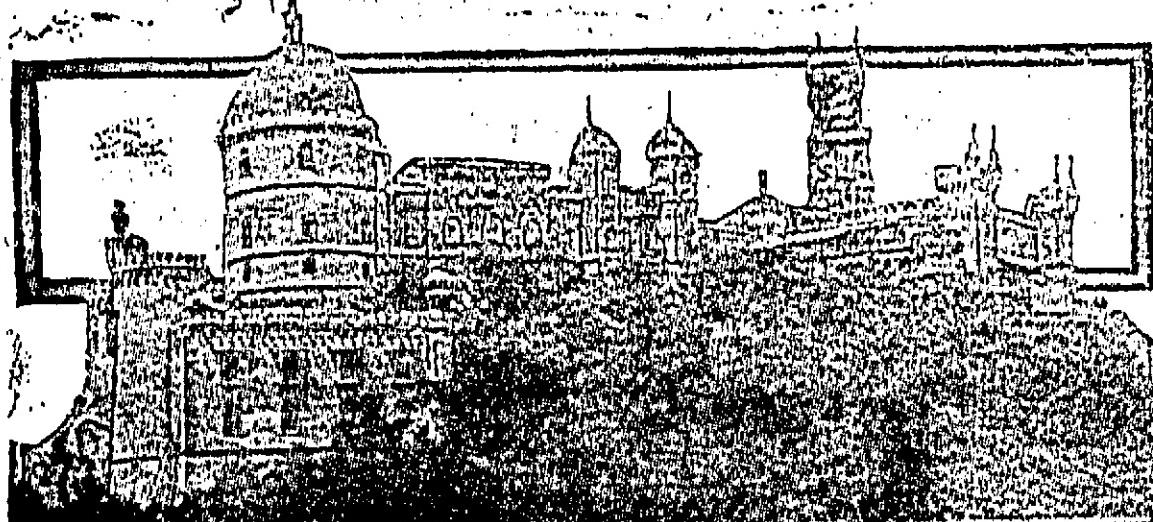
tons, the blood gushing from many wounds.

The coachman brought his whip across the flanks of his horses, and with a bound they dashed away, dis-

the carriage, as the king had refused military escort. The attack came from the rear, and it was entirely unexpected that the murderer almost before the police knew what was going on and had turned to flee into the crowds that now, panic-stricken, had dropped back before their weapons.

The guard charged upon them, pursuing them down the streets and riddling three of them with bullets. Hundreds of the people joined in the pur-

"I Do the Best I Can." I do the very best I know how—the very best I can; and I mean to keep doing so until the end. If the end brings me out all right, what is said against me won't amount to anything. If the end brings me out wrong, ten angels swearing I was right would make no difference.—Abraham Lincoln.



The Royal Palace, within whose portals King Manuel II, was proclaimed King of Portugal and where he is now closely guarded by faithful troops.

appearing into the arsenal quadrangle. The panic-stricken people, who had fled on all sides, could see the queen leaning over the crown prince and her younger son, who also was

sick, and the others of the band of assassins were mud-prisoners.

Grief of Queen Portugal.

The royal carriage had by this time been driven into the quadrangle and the gates of the arsenal were shut. The grief of the queen and Prince Manoel was heartbreaking. Within a few minutes the queen mother, the Dowager Queen Maria Pia, the duke of Oporto, the king's brother, and the ministers of state assembled, all weeping bitterly.

The news of the assassination spread like wild fire and thousands of persons, bewildered and terrified, poured into the streets.

Soon the troops and police occupied all the prominent places and the people hurried to their homes and barricaded the doors and windows to await the unknown future.

The strictest measures were taken by the officers in charge of the troops to suppress the slightest sign of disorder, but their work was light.

Fracas Out.

Lisbon, Feb. 3.—Premier Franco has relinquished his power and a new cabinet has been formed with Adm. Ferreira de Amaral as its president. This step signalizes the practical withdrawal of France from power.

Spanish Cruiser.

Madrid, Feb. 3.—The government has ordered the cruiser Princes A Do Asturias to proceed to Lisbon.

English Boats.

Gibraltar, Feb. 3.—The British cruiser fleet sailed from here today for Lisbon.

Send Cablegram.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 3.—A cablegram expressing sympathy for the death of the King of Portugal was dispatched from the White House today by President Roosevelt.

Not to Go.

Gibraltar, Feb. 3.—The second British cruiser squadron left here this morning steaming to the west. It was at first reported the vessels were going to Lisbon, but it is understood now the squadron will not go to Tangier unless the situation in Portugal takes an unexpected turn, jeopardizing the lives or property of British subjects.

Queen Amalia, uttering a scream.

How many shots were fired, no one can say, but it was a veritable fusilade coming from the right side of the street. The effort of the crown prince, who was sitting opposite to the king, to rise was pitiful and without avail, for he just lifted himself sufficiently to pitch forward and fall over the prostrate body of his father.

Queen Amalia, uttering a scream,

that could be heard by all who had not become frenzied by the attack, threw herself towards her son, shielding their bodies with her own. She frantically struck at the murderers with a bouquet of roses, but the men fired again and again.

As he saw his father and his brother fall, Prince Manoel whipped out a revolver and discharged it at the men, but was himself struck on the right arm by a bullet from a carbine.

Policemen Taken Off Guard.

A footman in the carriage was also wounded, and it was stated that a bullet grazed the queen's shoulder but did not do her harm.

Only mounted police accompanied



GEORGE F. SLOSSON.

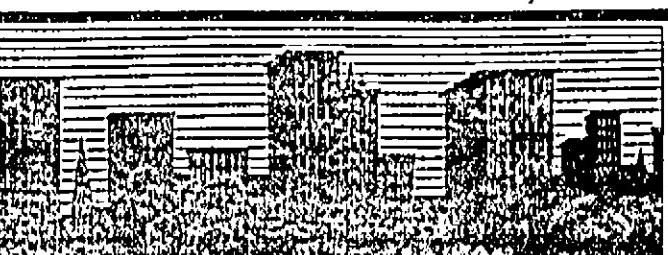
Champion George F. Sutton of Chicago last week defeated George F. Slosson in Slosson's academy in New York, and thereby demonstrated his title to the 18.2 building billiard championship. During the first nights Slosson lead, but Sutton showed remarkable form at the finish.

Buy It in Janesville.



AN ATTRACTIVE KNIT GARMENT.

A very charming accessory to the winter wardrobe is this worsted mohair in a soft shell pink. The deep rows of chain stitching where the dounce joins the bean stitch is worked in for the purpose of threading satin ribbons through, these being in bows at the bustline, neck and elbows.



REAL ESTATE CONDITIONS OVER THE COUNTRY.

Building operations in the principal cities for 1907 show a decrease of 10 per cent in comparison with the preceding year. Permits were taken out in 41 cities in 1907, according to official reports to Construction News, for 125,705 buildings, involving a total cost of \$148,224,970, against 127,652 buildings aggregating in cost \$168,295,119 in 1906, a gain of 785 in the number of buildings, and a decrease in cost of \$60,070,449, or 10 per cent. This would indicate that construction was upon a much more active basis than in 1906, the large increase in the number of buildings showing a broader and more general interest upon the part of a larger number of people and upon the whole more satisfactory results to every one engaged in the building industry.

A Fable of the Future.

In 1920 A. D. the Stinglest Man in Stringtown carted his Household Goods to the Depot and bought a ticket for Millionville, the Metropolis.

"Why are you moving to Millionville?" inquired a Citizen.

"To save postage," replied the Stinglest Man. Whereat the Citizen marveled mightily.

Now, be it known that the Stinglest Man in Stringtown was wise in his Day and Generation, for along back in 1907 A. D. or thereabout it became the Settled Habit of the Stringtown people to purchase Large Sheets of Little Stickers bearing portraits of G. Washington, B. Franklin,

Lin, W. McKinley and other Late Illustrious Ones, which Specimens of Art they straightway stuck on envelopes and sent to a Large and Luring Mail Order Concern in Millionville. Wherefore it came about that the Seven Stores in Stringtown Shut up Shop, one after the other, until along in 1919 A. D. the Stinglest Man found it incumbent upon him to begin purchasing these Small Specimens of Art to present to the Maw of the Monster in Millionville, and the Aforesaid was Simply too Stingy to stand for the same.

MORAL: If you can't see the Moral without being Missouriified, look up the Ad. of an Oculist in this Paper and purchase a Pair of Specs.